State Tax Form 128	The Commonwealth o	ot Massachusetts	Assessors' Use only
Revised 11/2016			Date Received
	Name of City o	or Town	Application No.
			ODEDTY TAY
I	APPLICATION FOR ABATEM		
	FISCAL		IAL PROPERTY TAX
		vs Chapter 59, § 59	
	THIS APPLICATION IS NOT OPEN TO PUBL	-	aws Chapter 59, § 60)
	$\neg$		rn to: Board of Assessors
	l		with assessors not later than due
			ctual ( <b>not</b> preliminary) tax payment
		for fiscal year.	
		,	
INSTRUCTIONS: Co	omplete <b>BOTH</b> sides of application. P	lease print or type.	
A. TAXPAYER INF	ORMATION.		
Name(s) of assessed			
Name(s) and status	s of applicant (if other than assessed ov	vner)	
	wner (aquired title after January 1) on		
Administrator	:/executor.	Mortgagee.	
Lessee.	,	Other. Specify.	
Mailing address		Telephone	No ( )
No. Street	City/Town	Zip Code	
Amounts and dates o	of tax payments		
B. PROPERTY IDE	ENTIFICATION. Complete using inform	mation as it appears on tax	x bill.
Tax bill no.		Assessed valuation \$	
Location			
Description	o. Street		
Real:	Parcel ID no. (map-block-lot)	Land	area Class
Personal:	Property type(s)		
-	SATEMENT SOUGHT. Check reason(s	s) an abatament is warrant	and and briefly explain why it applies
	nation on attachment if necessary.	s) an abatement is warrant	ed and orienty explain wity it applies.
Overvaluation	n	Incorrect usage	classification
_	nate assessment	Other. Specify.	
	n of: Value \$		
Explanation			

## 

## TAXPAYER INFORMATION ABOUT ABATEMENT PROCEDURE

**REASONS FOR AN ABATEMENT.** An abatement is a reduction in the tax assessed on your property for the fiscal year. To dispute your valuation or assessment or to correct any other billing problem or error that caused your tax bill to be higher than it should be, you must apply for an abatement.

You may apply for an abatement if your property is: 1) overvalued (assessed value is more than fair cash value on January 1 for any reason, including clerical and data processing errors or assessment of property that is non-existent or not taxable to you), 2) disproportionately assessed in comparison with other properties, 3) classified incorrectly as residential, open space, commercial or industrial real property, or 4) partially or fully exempt.

## WHO MAY FILE AN APPLICATION. You may file an application if you are:

- the assessed or subsequent (acquiring title after January 1) owner of the property,
- the personal representative of the assessed owner's estate or personal representative or trustee under the assessed owner's will,
- a tenant paying rent who is obligated to pay more than one-half of the tax,
- a person owning or having an interest or possession of the property, or
- a mortgagee if the assessed owner has not applied.

In some cases, you must pay all or a portion of the tax before you can file.

WHEN AND WHERE APPLICATION MUST BE FILED. Your application must be filed with the assessors on or before the date the first installment payment of the actual tax bill mailed for the fiscal year is due, unless you are a mortgagee. If so, your application must be filed during the last 10 days of the abatement application period. Actual tax bills are those issued after the tax rate is set. Applications filed for omitted, revised or reassessed taxes must be filed within 3 months of the date the bill for those taxes was mailed. THESE DEADLINES CANNOT BE EXTENDED OR WAIVED BY THE ASSESSORS FOR ANY REASON. IF YOUR APPLICATION IS NOT TIMELY FILED, YOU LOSE ALL RIGHTS TO AN ABATEMENT AND THE ASSESSORS CANNOT BY LAW GRANT YOU ONE. TO BE TIMELY FILED, YOUR APPLICATION MUST BE (1) RECEIVED BY THE ASSESSORS ON OR BEFORE THE FILING DEADLINE OR (2) MAILED BY UNITED STATES MAIL, FIRST CLASS POSTAGE PREPAID, TO THE PROPER ADDRESS OF THE ASSESSORS ON OR BEFORE THE FILING DEADLINE AS SHOWN BY A POSTMARK MADE BY THE UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE.

**PAYMENT OF TAX.** Filing an application does not stay the collection of your taxes. In some cases, you must pay all preliminary and actual installments of the tax when due to appeal the assessors' disposition of your application. Failure to pay the tax assessed when due may also subject you to interest charges and collection action. To avoid any loss of rights or additional charges, you should pay the tax as assessed. If an abatement is granted and you have already paid the entire year's tax as abated, you will receive a refund of any overpayment.

**ASSESSORS DISPOSITION.** Upon applying for an abatement, you may be asked to provide the assessors with written information about the property and permit them to inspect it. Failure to provide the information or permit an inspection within 30 days of the request may result in the loss of your appeal rights.

The assessors have 3 months from the date your application is filed to act on it unless you agree in writing before that period expires to extend it for a specific time. If the assessors do not act on your application within the original or extended period, it is deemed denied. You will be notified in writing whether an abatement has been granted or denied.

**APPEAL.** You may appeal the disposition of your application to the Appellate Tax Board, or if applicable, the County Commissioners. The appeal must be filed within 3 months of the date the assessors acted on your application, or the date your application was deemed denied, whichever is applicable. The disposition notice will provide you with further information about the appeal procedure and deadline.

DISPOSITION OF APPLICATIO	N (ASSESSORS' USE ONLY)	
GRANTED	Assessed value	
_ DENIED _	Abated value	
_ DEEMED DENIED	Adjusted value	
	Assessed tax	
	Abated tax	
	Adjusted tax	
Certificate No.		
Date Cert./Notice sent	Board of Assessors	
_ Appeal		
Date filed		
Settlement	Date:	
	GRANTED DENIED DEEMED DEEMED DENIED DEEMED DENIED DETEMED DENIED Date voted/Deemed denied Certificate No. Date Cert./Notice sent Appeal Date filed Decision	DENIED Abated value